



"Mathurā-dhāma is blessed,
being superior even to
Vaikuṇṭha, the holy abode of
Śrī Nārāyaṇa. By residing
in Mathurā for only one day
a person attains devotion to
Lord Hari, and by residing
here three nights, one attains
that most rare love of God,
which is difstcult to obtain
even for great liberated souls."





"As the boys herded the cows, delightful uproars would break out amongst them. In this way, all of Madhuvana was showered with the sweet nectar (madhu) of prema, which Śrī Kṛṣṇa and Śrī Balarāma relished while grazing the cows."





"Upon hearing the words of Their friends, Kṛṣṇa and Balarāma laughed and, desiring to give them pleasure, entered Tālavana in their company."





"While herding the cows, Śrī Kṛṣṇa, Śrī Balarāma and the cowherd boys wandered throughout this delightful place. Śrī Krṣṇa Himself sported in this kuṇḍa with the cowherd boys and with sweet words He would summon the cows to the bank of the pond by exclaiming, "Tīrī-tīrī!" And then with "Cūn-cūn!" He would tell them to drink water. The boys decorated each other with garlands made of kumudinī flowers."





"Once, when Śrīmatī Rādhikā was in Her sulky mood (māna), She hid Herself in a kuñja here.
In separation from Her, Kṛṣṇa became completely distressed.
With the help of the sakhīs He was able to find Śrīmatī Rādhikā, and with great difficulty He pacified Her māna."





"Among all the gopīs,

Śrīmatī Rādhā

is Śrī Kṛṣṇa's

prāṇa-vallabhā,

the dear most beloved

of His life. Similarly,

Rādhā's dear kuṇḍa

is also extremely

dear to Him."





"O my friend, this Girirāja is the topmost among Śrī Hari's servants and is absorbed in supreme bliss, being always touched by Śrī Balarāma and Srī Kṛṣṇa's lotus feet. Girirāja serves and satisfies Śrī Kṛṣṇa, Balarāma, the cowherd boys and the cows by providing them with water from his pure lakes and ponds, with lush grass, fruits, roots and various minerals like gairika."





"O Mahārāja, thereafter lies Kāmyavana, where Vrajendra-nandana Śrī Kṛṣṇa performed many childhood pastimes.

Bathing in Kāma and other ponds in this forest fulfils all kinds of desires, even the desire for service to Kṛṣṇa that is imbued with prema."





"Varsānā is the pastime place of Śrī Kṛṣṇa's beloved Śrīmatī Rādhikā. Lying at the heart of this village is a multitude of the Divine Couple's sweet and secret amorous pastimes, together with Their transcendental moods and desires."





"Those who are afraid of the perplexities of worldly life worship the Śrutis and Smṛtis, and others may worship the Mahābhārata.

Let them do so. I myself will always worship Nanda

Bābā, in whose courtyard the Supreme Absolute Truth is crawling here and there on His knees."





"Sometimes, rasika
Śrī Kṛṣṇa would adorn
His chest here with
the red lac, or jāvaka,
from Śrī Rādhikā's
lotus feet. This place,
which is decorated with
a vaṭa (banyan) tree is
renown as Jāvaṭa or
Yāva-grāma."





"While Śrī Kṛṣṇa sat on Akrūra's chariot, waiting to depart, He became disturbed upon seeing the condition of the gopīs in their mood of separation. To pacify them, He told them, 'I promise that I will surely return the day after tomorrow.'

The day after tomorrow is called parson in Hindi; hence the name of this village became Parson."





bhadrāya bhadrārūpāya sadā kalyāṇa-varddhane amaṅgalacchide tasmai namo bhadrāvanāya ca

Bhavişya Purāṇa (Uttara-khaṇḍa)

"O Bhadravana, personification of auspiciousness. You perpetually bestow auspiciousness upon all and destroy inauspiciousness. I repeatedly offer my respects unto you."





"Māṭavana is one of the main forests of Vraja-maṇḍala.

It is a wide and spacious area on the bank of the Yamunā.

Kṛṣṇa and Balabhadra would bring the cows to graze in this enchanting forest full of lush trees and creepers, green grass and untold varieties of fruits and flowers."





tapaḥ siddhi pradāyaiva namo bilvavanāya ca janārdana namastubhyaṁ bilveśāya namostu te Bhaviṣya Purāṇa (Uttara-khaṇḍa)

"O Bilvavana, bestower of the perfection of austerities. I bow down to you. O Janārdana, O master of Bilvavana, obeisances unto You."





"The Yamunā flows close by Bṛhadvana, or Mahāvana. This forest is beautifully decorated with different kinds of trees, creepers and flowers, and there are lush, green meadows for the cows to graze in. Beholding this beauty, the Vrajavāsī gopas became very pleased and happily began to reside here."





"Akrūra remained in the water to chant the mantra of his worshipful Lord, Sanātana Brahma (four-armed Vișnu), and meditate upon Him. On this day, however, instead of having darsana of his worshipful Sanātana Brahma in his meditation, he saw the forms of Śrī Rāma and Śrī Kṛṣṇa."





"Ah, in all three worlds, only

Śrī Vṛndāvana and the gopa-ramaṇīs

living in Vṛndāvana are fortunate,

because in that place the original

Supreme Person, Śrī Kṛṣṇa, disguised

as a human being, performs human-like

pastimes under the arrangement of Yogamāyā.

Adorned with a multi-coloured garland of

forest-flowers, He grazes

the cows with Baladeva and the sakhās,

vibrating His sweet flute and absorbed

in various kinds of playful pastimes."



